



SECENED MISSION

MAR 3 1 2003

#### **ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT** FORM X-17A-5 **PART III**

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

SEGFILE	
	l
5-5360	ŀ
0 000	/

REPORT FOR THE BEGIN			ENDING	12/31/2002
		/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
	A. REGISTRANT ID	ENTIFICATION	···	
NAME OF BROKER-DEAL	LER Peraza Capital and I	Investments, LLC	OFFICI.	AL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL	PLACE OF BUSINESS: (	(Do not use P.O. Box	No.	
	3300 Henderson B			
	(No. and St	treet)		
Tampa	Florida		33609	
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)	
Sam Lewis	·		<b>374-0346</b> Telephone No.)	
Sam Lewis	B. ACCOUNTANT ID	(Area Code -		
		(Area Code -	Telephone No.)	
Sam Lewis  INDEPENDENT PUBLIC A		(Area Code - DENTIFICATION pinion is contained in	Telephone No.)	
	ACCOUNTANT (Whose o	(Area Code - DENTIFICATION pinion is contained in	Telephone No.)	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC A	ACCOUNTANT (Whose o	(Area Code - DENTIFICATION pinion is contained in rez, P.A.	Telephone No.)  this Report*	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC A  201 East Kennedy Blvd; Su	ACCOUNTANT (Whose of Dowell & Penite 1950 Tampa	(Area Code - DENTIFICATION  pinion is contained in  rez, P.A.  Florida	Telephone No.) this Report*	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC A  201 East Kennedy Blvd; Su (Address)  CHECK ONE:	ACCOUNTANT (Whose of Dowell & Penite 1950 Tampa	(Area Code - DENTIFICATION  pinion is contained in  rez, P.A.  Florida	this Report*  33602 (Zip)	ROCESS
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC A  201 East Kennedy Blvd; Su  (Address)  CHECK ONE:  [x] Certifie	Dowell & Penite 1950 Tampa (City)	(Area Code - DENTIFICATION  pinion is contained in  rez, P.A.  Florida	this Report*  33602 (Zip)	ROCESS
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC A  201 East Kennedy Blvd; Su  (Address)  CHECK ONE:  [x] Certified [] Public A	Dowell & Pendite 1950 Tampa (City)  d Public Accountant	(Area Code - DENTIFICATION  pinion is contained in rez, P.A.  Florida  (State)	this Report*  33602 (Zip)	POCESS: APR 28 2003
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC A  201 East Kennedy Blvd; Su  (Address)  CHECK ONE:  [x] Certified [] Public A	Dowell & Pentite 1950 Tampa (City)  d Public Accountant	PENTIFICATION  pinion is contained in rez, P.A.  Florida  (State)	this Report*  33602 (Zip)	

<sup>\*</sup> Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of a independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on at the bureau of the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

#### Oath or Affirmation

I,	SAM LEV	VIS, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge
and bel	ief, the acco	impanying financial statementS and supporting schedule pertaining to the firm of
<b>PERAZ</b>	A CAPITA	L AND INVESTMENTS, LLC, as of DECEMBER 31, 2002, are true and correct
I furthe	r swear (or a	affirm) that neither the Company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer, or
		oprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer
		Signature
	bed and swo	O COLLEGE !
to befor	e me this	Title
_284	day of	March 2003
Λ	0	
Man	us de	MCCarchy
Agnes l	McCarthy 1	AWAYA, ASBEVA. McCariby
Notary	Public	Commission # DD 074258
·	Ş	THE ALIGN EDUCATION DEC. 25, 2015
This rep	ort* contain	ns (check all applicable boxes)
[x]	(a)	Facing page.
[x]	(b)	Statement of financial condition.
[x]	(c)	Statement of income (loss).
[x]	(d)	Statement of cash flows.
[x]	(e)	Statement of changes in member's equity or partners' or sole
r 2	(0	proprietor's capital.
[]	(f)	Statement of changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors.
[x]	(g)	Computation of net capital for brokers and dealers pursuant to Rule 15c3-1.
[]	(h)	Computation for determination of reserve requirements pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
[]	(i)	Information relating to the possession or control requirements for brokers and dealers under Rule 15c3-3.
[x]	(j)	A reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the computation of net
	Ų/	capital under Rule 15c3-1 and the computation for determination of the
•		reserve requirements under exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
[]	(k)	A reconciliation between the audited and unaudited statements of financial
-	. ,	condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
[x]	(1)	An oath or affirmation.
[]	(m)	A copy of the SIPC supplemental report.
[]	(n)	A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have
		existed since the date of the previous audit.
[x]	(0)	Independent auditor's report on internal accounting control. †
[]	(p)	Schedule of segregation requirements and funds in segregation — customers'
		regulated commodity futures account pursuant to Rule 171-5.

<sup>\*</sup> For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3)

PERAZA CAPITAL AND INVESTMENTS, LLC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2002



#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

March 28, 2003

(2)

 $\sim$ 

a

عثرا

8

3

0

(10)

@

Œ,

(4)

اے

 $\odot$ 

A

(a)

m

35

Œ

(fri)

(4)

Board of Directors Peraza Capital and Investments, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Peraza Capital and Investments, LLC, (the Company) as of December 31, 2002, and the related statements of income, changes in member's equity and cash flows for the period February 14, 2002 to December 31, 2002 that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Peraza Capital and Investments, LLC at December 31, 2002, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the period February 14, 2002 to December 31, 2002 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Down Il 1 Peren, P.A.
Certified Public Accountants

#### PERAZA CAPITAL AND INVESTMENTS, LLC STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECMEBER 31, 2002

#### **ASSETS**

Cash Deposits with clearing organizations Receivable from broker-dealers and clearing organizations Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements, at cost, less accumulated depreciation of \$13,500 Other assets	\$ 162,828 50,000 28,868 35,096
	\$ 277,880
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY  Accounts payable and accrued expenses Payable to broker-dealers and clearing organizations  Commitments and contingencies	\$ 78,244 1,791 80,035
Member's equity	 197,845
	\$ 277,880

## PERAZA CAPITAL AND INVESTMENTS, LLC STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE PERIOD FEBRUAY 14, 2002 TO DECMEBER 31, 2002

Revenues		
Trading losses	\$	(1,041,594)
Interest and dividends		836,135
Commissions		1,846
Other income		3,530
		(200,083)
Expenses		
Employee compensation and benefits		432,476
Professional services		159,453
Communciations and data processing		71,346
Exchange and clearance fees		18,320
Interest		7,877
Other expenses		71,033
•		760,505
Net Loss	_\$	(960,588)

#### PERAZA CAPITAL AND INVESTMENTS, LLC STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY

	Paid-in capital		Ac	cumulated Deficit	Total member's equity
Capital contributions	\$	1,158,433	\$	-	\$ 1,158,433
Net loss				(960,588)	 (960,588)
Balance, December 31, 2002	\$	1,158,433	\$_	(960,588)	\$ 197,845

## PERAZA CAPITAL AND INVESTMENTS, LLC STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD FEBRUAY 14, 2002 TO DECMEBER 31, 2002

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net Loss	\$ (960,588)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in	,
operating activities:	
Depreciation	13,500
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:	
Deposits with clearing organizations and others	(50,000)
Net receivable from broker-dealers and clearing organizations	(27,077)
Other assets	(1,088)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	78,244
Net cash used in operating activities	(947,009)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Purchase of furniture and equipment	(48,596)
Net cash used in investing activities	 (48,596)
Cash flows from financing activities:	
Paid-in capital	1,158,433
Net cash from financing activities	1,158,433
Increase in cash	162,828
Cash at beginning of period	 
Cash at end of the year	\$ 162,828

### PERAZA CAPITAL AND INVESTMENTS, LLC NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1 - Business and History:

Peraza Capital and Investments, LLC (the "Company") is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD). The Company was approved by the NASD to conduct business as a broker-dealer effective May 22, 2002. The Company is a wholly-owned by PCI Trading, Inc. ("Parent").

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

#### Basis of Presentation

The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. The Company is engaged in a single line of business as a securities broker-dealer, which comprises several classes of services, including principal transactions, agency transactions and investment advisory.

#### Securities Transactions

Proprietary securities transactions in regular-way trades are recorded on the trade date, as if they had settled. Profit and loss arising from all securities transactions entered into for the account and risk of the Company are recorded on a trade date basis. Customers' securities transactions are reported on a settlement date basis with related commission income and expenses reported on a trade date basis.

Amounts receivable and payable for securities transactions that have not reached their contractual settlement date are recorded net on the statement of financial condition.

Marketable securities are valued at market value, and securities not readily marketable are valued at fair value as determined by management.

#### Resale and Repurchase Agreements

Transactions involving purchases of securities under agreements to resell (reverse repurchase agreements or reverse repos) or sales of securities under agreements to repurchase (repurchase agreements or repos) are accounted for as collateralized financings except where the Company does not have an agreement to sell (or purchase) the same or substantially the same securities before maturity at a fixed or determinable price. It is the policy of the Company and subsidiaries to obtain possession of collateral with a market value equal to or in excess of the principal amount loaned under resale agreements. Collateral is valued daily, and the Company may require counterparties to deposit additional collateral or return collateral pledged when appropriate.

#### Securities-Lending Activities

Securities borrowed and securities loaned transactions are generally reported as collateralized financings except where letters of credit or other securities are used as collateral. Securities-borrowed transactions require the Company to deposit cash, letters of credit, or other collateral with the lender. With respect to securities loaned, the Company receives collateral in the form of cash or other collateral in an amount generally in excess of the market value of securities loaned. The Company monitors the market value of securities borrowed and loaned on a daily basis, with additional collateral obtained or refunded as necessary.

#### Collateral

The Company continues to report assets it has pledged as collateral in secured borrowing and other arrangements when the secured party cannot sell or repledge the assets.

#### **Commissions**

Commissions and related clearing expenses are recorded on a trade-date basis as securities transactions occur.

#### Investment Advisory Income

Investment advisory fees are received quarterly but are recognized as earned on a pro rata basis over the term of the contract.

#### Income Taxes

The accompanying financial statements do not reflect any tax provision as the Company is a Limited Liability Company. All tax consequences of the Company are recognized by the Parent.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis using estimated useful lives of three years.

#### Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, the Company has defined cash equivalents as highly liquid investments, with original maturities of less than ninety days, that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business.

#### Note 3 - Receivable From and Payable to Broker-Dealers and Clearing Organizations:

The Company clears all of its customer transactions through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis. Amounts receivable from and payable to broker-dealers and clearing organizations at December 31, 2002, were \$28,868 and \$1,791, respectively.

#### Note 4 - Loans:

There were no significant margin loans by the Company or customers of the Company at December 31, 2002.

#### Note 5 - Concentrations of Credit Risk:

The Company engages in various trading and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty.

#### Note 6 - Commitments and Contingent Liabilities:

The Company entered into a management agreement with the Parent effective October 1, 2002. Under the terms of the agreement, the Parent will pay and manage all expenses related to the daily operations of the Company. The Company is directly liable only for annual audit fees, registration fees, costs related to the Company's fidelity bond and payroll costs. The agreement is for a period of 12 months with a monthly management fee of \$15,000 per month. If the management fee should cause the Company to violate the provisions of the net capital rule as discussed in Note 7, then under the terms of the agreement, the Parent will waive the monthly fee as necessary.

#### Note 7 - Net Capital Requirements:

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2002, the Company had net capital of \$161,361 which was \$61,361 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000. The Company's net capital ratio was approximately .5 to 1.



#### <u>Independent Auditor's Report on Supplementary Information</u> <u>Required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission</u>

March 28, 2003

O

72

53

3

0

(3)

Q

(6)

وسے

Ð

3

<u>@</u>

⊚

[34]

(E3

œ

ഭ

Board of Directors Peraza Capital and Investments, LLC

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Peraza Capital and Investments, LLC as of and for period February 14, 2002 to December 31, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated March 28, 2003. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Double Peup, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

#### SCHEDULE I

# PERAZA CAPITAL AND INVESTMENTS, LLC COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF SECURITES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION DECMEBER 31, 2002

Net Capital	\$	197,845
Less nonallowable assets		
Furniture and equipment		35,096
Other assets	_	1,088
Net Capital before haircuts on securities positions		161,661
Less haircut on money market account		300
Net Capital	\$	161,361
Aggregate Indebtedness		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	78,244
Payable to broker-dealers and clearing organizations		1,791
,	\$	80,035
Computation of basic net capital requirement	•	1/1 2/1
Net Capital per above	\$	161,361
Minimun net capital required	_	100,000
Excess net capital	<del>*</del>	61,361
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital	=	0.496
Reconciliation with Company's computation as included in Part II of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2002		
Net Capital, as reported in Company's Part II Focus report		211,551
Accrued expenses not reported		(50,190)
Net Capital per above	\$	161,361



#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

March 28, 2003

m.

2

Q

2

Ð

8

•

(4)

(9)

હ

(4)

3

m

5

0

 $\mathfrak{W}$ 

Ŀ

þ

Œ

(4)

Board of Directors Peraza Capital and Investments, LLC:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedule of Peraza Capital and Investments, LLC (the Company), for the year ended December 31, 2002, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2002, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the NASD and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Certified Public Accountants

Dowell & Perey, P.A.